

**1. Introduction.** This program reads a binary `mmo` file output by the `MMIXAL` processor and lists it in human-readable form. It lists only the symbol table, if invoked with the `-s` option. It lists also the tetrabytes of input, if invoked with the `-v` option.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <string.h>
    { Prototype preparations 5 }
    { Type definitions 7 }
    { Global variables 4 }
    { Subroutines 8 }
int main(argc, argv)
    int argc; char *argv[];
{
    register int j, delta, postamble = 0;
    register char *p;
    { Process the command line 2 };
    { Initialize everything 3 };
    { List the preamble 23 };
    do { List the next item 13 } while (!postamble);
    { List the postamble 24 };
    { List the symbol table 25 };
    return 0;
}
```

**2.** { Process the command line 2 } ≡

```
listing = 1, verbose = 0;
for (j = 1; j < argc - 1 &amp; argv[j][0] == '-' &amp; argv[j][2] == '\0'; j++) {
    if (argv[j][1] == 's') listing = 0;
    else if (argv[j][1] == 'v') verbose = 1;
    else break;
}
if (j != argc - 1) {
    fprintf(stderr, "Usage: %s [-s] [-v] mmo_file\n", argv[0]);
    exit(-1);
}
```

This code is used in section 1.

**3.** { Initialize everything 3 } ≡

```
mmo_file = fopen(argv[argc - 1], "rb");
if (!mmo_file) {
    fprintf(stderr, "Can't open file %s!\n", argv[argc - 1]);
    exit(-2);
}
```

See also sections 12 and 17.

This code is used in section 1.

4.  $\langle \text{Global variables } 4 \rangle \equiv$ 

```
int listing; /* are we listing everything? */
int verbose; /* are we also showing the tetras of input as they are read? */
FILE *mmo_file; /* the input file */
```

See also sections 11, 16, and 29.

This code is used in section 1.

5.  $\langle \text{Prototype preparations } 5 \rangle \equiv$ 

```
#ifdef __STDC__
#define ARGS(list) list
#else
#define ARGS(list) ()
#endif
```

This code is used in section 1.

6. A complete definition of `mmo` format appears in the `MMIXAL` document. Here we need to define only the basic constants used for interpretation.

```
#define mm #98 /* the escape code of mmo format */
#define lop_quote #0 /* the quotation lopcode */
#define lop_loc #1 /* the location lopcode */
#define lop_skip #2 /* the skip lopcode */
#define lop_fixo #3 /* the octabyte-fix lopcode */
#define lop_fixr #4 /* the relative-fix lopcode */
#define lop_fixrx #5 /* extended relative-fix lopcode */
#define lop_file #6 /* the file name lopcode */
#define lop_line #7 /* the file position lopcode */
#define lop_spec #8 /* the special hook lopcode */
#define lop_pre #9 /* the preamble lopcode */
#define lop_post #a /* the postamble lopcode */
#define lop_stab #b /* the symbol table lopcode */
#define lop_end #c /* the end-it-all lopcode */
```

**7. Low-level arithmetic.** This program is intended to work correctly whenever an **int** has at least 32 bits.

```
⟨ Type definitions 7 ⟩ ≡
  typedef unsigned char byte;    /* a monobyte */
  typedef unsigned int tetra;    /* a tetrabyte */
  typedef struct { tetra h, l;
  } octa;    /* an octabyte */
```

This code is used in section 1.

**8.** The *incr* subroutine adds a signed integer to an (unsigned) octabyte.

```
⟨ Subroutines 8 ⟩ ≡
  octa incr ARGs((octa,int));
  octa incr(o,delta)
    octa o;
    int delta;
  {
    register tetra t;
    octa x;
    if (delta ≥ 0) {
      t = #ffffffff - delta;
      if (o.l ≤ t) x.l = o.l + delta, x.h = o.h;
      else x.l = o.l - t - 1, x.h = o.h + 1;
    }
    else {
      t = -delta;
      if (o.l ≥ t) x.l = o.l - t, x.h = o.h;
      else x.l = o.l + (#ffffffff + delta) + 1, x.h = o.h - 1;
    }
    return x;
  }
```

See also sections 9, 10, and 26.

This code is used in section 1.

**9. Low-level input.** The tetrabytes of an `mmo` file are stored in friendly big-endian fashion, but this program is supposed to work also on computers that are little-endian. Therefore we read four successive bytes and pack them into a tetrabyte, instead of reading a single tetrabyte.

⟨ Subroutines 8 ⟩ +≡

```
void read_tet ARGS((void));
void read_tet()
{
    if (fread(buf, 1, 4, mmo_file) ≠ 4) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Unexpected end of file after %d tetrabytes!\n", count);
        exit(-3);
    }
    yz = (buf[2] << 8) + buf[3];
    tet = (((buf[0] << 8) + buf[1]) << 16) + yz;
    if (verbose) printf(" %08x\n", tet);
    count++;
}
```

10. ⟨ Subroutines 8 ⟩ +≡

```
byte read_byte ARGS((void));
byte read_byte()
{
    register byte b;
    if (!byte_count) read_tet();
    b = buf[byte_count];
    byte_count = (byte_count + 1) & 3;
    return b;
}
```

11. ⟨ Global variables 4 ⟩ +≡

```
int count; /* the number of tetrabytes we've read */
int byte_count; /* index of the next-to-be-read byte */
byte buf[4]; /* the most recently read bytes */
int yz; /* the two least significant bytes */
tetra tet; /* buf bytes packed big-endianwise */
```

12. ⟨ Initialize everything 3 ⟩ +≡

```
count = byte_count = 0;
```

**13. The main loop.** Now for the bread-and-butter part of this program.

```
< List the next item 13 > ≡
{
    read_tet();
loop: if (buf[0] ≡ mm)
    switch (buf[1]) {
        case lop_quote: if (yz ≠ 1) err("YZ_field_of_lop_quote_should_be_1");
            read_tet(); break;
        < Cases for lopcodes in the main loop 18 >
        default: err("Unknown_lopcode");
    }
    if (listing) < List tet as a normal item 15 >;
}
```

This code is used in section 1.

**14.** We want to catch all cases where the rules of `mmo` format are not obeyed. The `err` macro ameliorates this somewhat tedious chore.

```
#define err(m)
    { fprintf(stderr, "Error_in_tetra%d:%s!\n", count, m); continue; }
```

**15.** In a normal situation, the newly read tetrabyte is simply supposed to be loaded into the current location. We list not only the current location but also the current file position, if `cur_line` is nonzero and `cur_loc` belongs to segment 0.

```
< List tet as a normal item 15 > ≡
{
    printf("%08x%08x:%08x", cur_loc.h, cur_loc.l, tet);
    if (¬cur_line) printf("\n");
    else {
        if (cur_loc.h & #e0000000) printf("\n");
        else {
            if (cur_file ≡ listed_file) printf("(line%d)\n", cur_line);
            else {
                printf("( %s , line%d)\n", file_name[cur_file], cur_line);
                listed_file = cur_file;
            }
        }
        cur_line++;
    }
    cur_loc = incr(cur_loc, 4); cur_loc.l &= -4;
}
```

This code is used in section 13.

**16. < Global variables 4 > +≡**

```
octa cur_loc; /* the current location */
int listed_file; /* the most recently listed file number */
int cur_file; /* the most recently selected file number */
int cur_line; /* the current position in cur_file */
char *file_name[256]; /* file names seen */
octa tmp; /* an octabyte of temporary interest */
```

17.  $\langle$  Initialize everything 3  $\rangle + \equiv$   
 $cur\_loc.h = cur\_loc.l = 0;$   
 $listed\_file = cur\_file = -1;$   
 $cur\_line = 0;$

**18. The simple lopcodes.** We have already implemented *lop\_quote*, which falls through to the normal case after reading an extra tetrabyte. Now let's consider the other lopcodes in turn.

```
#define y buf[2] /* the next-to-least significant byte */
#define z buf[3] /* the least significant byte */
```

*(Cases for lopcodes in the main loop 18) ≡*

```
case lop_loc: if (z ≡ 2) {
    j = y; read_tet(); cur_loc.h = (j ≪ 24) + tet;
} else if (z ≡ 1) cur_loc.h = y ≪ 24;
else err("Z_field_of_lop_loc_should_be_1_or_2");
read_tet(); cur_loc.l = tet;
continue;
```

```
case lop_skip: cur_loc = incr(cur_loc, yz); continue;
```

See also sections 19, 20, 21, and 22.

This code is used in section 13.

**19.** Fixups load information out of order, when future references have been resolved. The current file name and line number are not considered relevant.

*(Cases for lopcodes in the main loop 18) +≡*

```
case lop_fixo: if (z ≡ 2) {
    j = y; read_tet(); tmp.h = (j ≪ 24) + tet;
} else if (z ≡ 1) tmp.h = y ≪ 24;
else err("Z_field_of_lop_fixo_should_be_1_or_2");
read_tet(); tmp.l = tet;
if (listing) printf("%08x%08x:%08x%08x\n", tmp.h, tmp.l, cur_loc.h, cur_loc.l);
continue;
```

```
case lop_fixr: delta = yz;
```

```
goto fixr;
```

```
case lop_fixrx: j = yz; if (j ≠ 16 ∧ j ≠ 24) err("YZ_field_of_lop_fixrx_should_be_16_or_24");
```

```
read_tet();
```

```
delta = tet;
```

```
if (delta & #fe000000) err("increment_of_lop_fixrx_is_too_large");
```

```
fixr: tmp = incr(cur_loc, -(delta ≥ #1000000 ? (delta & #fffff) - (1 ≪ j) : delta) ≪ 2);
```

```
if (listing) printf("%08x%08x:%08x\n", tmp.h, tmp.l, delta);
```

```
continue;
```

**20.** The space for file names isn't allocated until we are sure we need it.

```
<Cases for lopcodes in the main loop 18> +≡
case lop_file: if (file_name[y]) {
    for (j = z; j > 0; j--) read_tet();
    cur_file = y;
    if (z) err("Two_file_names_with_the_same_number");
} else {
    if (!z) err("No_name_given_for_newly_selected_file");
    file_name[y] = (char *) calloc(4 * z + 1, 1);
    if (!file_name[y]) {
        fprintf(stderr, "No_room_to_store_the_file_name!\n"); exit(-4);
    }
    cur_file = y;
    for (j = z, p = file_name[y]; j > 0; j--, p += 4) {
        read_tet();
        *p = buf[0]; *(p + 1) = buf[1]; *(p + 2) = buf[2]; *(p + 3) = buf[3];
    }
}
cur_line = 0; continue;
case lop_line: if (cur_file < 0) err("No_file_was_selected_for_lop_line");
cur_line = yz; continue;
```

**21.** Special bytes in the file might be in synch with the current location and/or the current file position, so we list those parameters too.

```
<Cases for lopcodes in the main loop 18> +≡
case lop_spec: if (listing) {
    printf("Special_data_%d_at_loc_%08x%08x", yz, cur_loc.h, cur_loc.l);
    if (!cur_line) printf("\n");
    else if (cur_file == listed_file) printf("(line%d)\n", cur_line);
    else {
        printf(" (%s", line%d)\n", file_name[cur_file], cur_line);
        listed_file = cur_file;
    }
}
while (1) {
    read_tet();
    if (buf[0] == mm) {
        if (buf[1] != lop_quote || yz != 1) goto loop; /* end of special data */
        read_tet();
    }
    if (listing) printf(".....%08x\n", tet);
}
```

**22.** The other cases shouldn't appear in the main loop.

```
<Cases for lopcodes in the main loop 18> +≡
case lop_pre: err("Can't_have_another_preamble");
case lop_post: postamble = 1;
    if (y) err("Y_field_of_lop_post_should_be_zero");
    if (z < 32) err("Z_field_of_lop_post_must_be_32_or_more");
    continue;
case lop_stab: err("Symbol_table_must_follow_postamble");
case lop_end: err("Symbol_table_can't_end_before_it_begins");
```

**23. The preamble and postamble.** Now here's what we do before and after the main loop.

```
⟨ List the preamble 23 ⟩ ≡
read_tet(); /* read the first tetrabyte of input */
if (buf[0] ≠ mm ∨ buf[1] ≠ lop_pre) {
    fprintf(stderr, "Input is not an MMOV file (first two bytes are wrong)!\n");
    exit(-5);
}
if (y ≠ 1)
    fprintf(stderr, "Warning: I'm reading this file as version 1, not version %d!\n", y);
if (z > 0) {
    j = z;
    read_tet();
    if (listing) {
        time_t t = tet;
        printf("File was created %s", asctime(localtime(&t)));
    }
    for (j--; j > 0; j--) {
        read_tet();
        if (listing) printf("Preamble data %08x\n", tet);
    }
}
```

This code is used in section 1.

**24. ⟨ List the postamble 24 ⟩ ≡**

```
for (j = z; j < 256; j++) {
    read_tet(); tmp.h = tet; read_tet();
    if (listing) {
        if (tmp.h ∨ tet) printf("g%03d: %08x%08x\n", j, tmp.h, tet);
        else printf("g%03d: 0\n", j);
    }
}
```

This code is used in section 1.

**25. The symbol table.** Finally we come to the symbol table, which is the most interesting part of this program because it recursively traces an implicit ternary trie structure.

```
( List the symbol table 25 ) ==
    read_tet();
    if (buf[0] ≠ mm ∨ buf[1] ≠ lop_stab) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Symbol_table does not follow the postamble!\n");
        exit(-6);
    }
    if (yz) fprintf(stderr, "YZ_field_of_lop_stab should be zero!\n");
    printf("Symbol_table (beginning_at_tetra %d):\n", count);
    stab_start = count;
    sym_ptr = sym_buf;
    print_stab();
    { Check the lop_end 30 };
```

This code is used in section 1.

**26.** The main work is done by a recursive subroutine called *print\_stab*, which manipulates a global array *sym\_buf* containing the current symbol prefix; the global variable *sym\_ptr* points to the first unfilled character of that array.

```
( Subroutines 8 ) +≡
void print_stab ARGS((void));
void print_stab()
{
    register int m = read_byte(); /* the master control byte */
    register int c; /* the character at the current trie node */
    register int j, k;
    if (m & #40) print_stab(); /* traverse the left subtrie, if it is nonempty */
    if (m & #2f) {
        { Read the character c 27 };
        *sym_ptr++ = c;
        if (sym_ptr ≡ &sym_buf[sym_length_max]) {
            fprintf(stderr, "Oops, the symbol is too long!\n"); exit(-7);
        }
        if (m & #f) { Print the current symbol with its equivalent and serial number 28 };
        if (m & #20) print_stab(); /* traverse the middle subtrie */
        sym_ptr--;
    }
    if (m & #10) print_stab(); /* traverse the right subtrie, if it is nonempty */
}
```

**27.** The present implementation doesn't support Unicode; characters with more than 8-bit codes are printed as '?'. However, the changes for 16-bit codes would be quite easy if proper fonts for Unicode output were available. In that case, *sym\_buf* would be an array of wyde characters.

```
{ Read the character c 27 } ==
if (m & #80) j = read_byte(); /* 16-bit character */
else j = 0;
c = read_byte();
if (j) c = '?'; /* oops, we can't print (j << 8) + c easily at this time */
```

This code is used in section 26.

28.  $\langle$  Print the current symbol with its equivalent and serial number 28  $\rangle \equiv$

```

{
    *sym_ptr = '\0';
    j = m & #f;
    if (j == 15) sprintf(equiv_buf, "$%03d", read_byte());
    else if (j <= 8) {
        strcpy(equiv_buf, "#");
        for (; j > 0; j--) sprintf(equiv_buf + strlen(equiv_buf), "%02x", read_byte());
        if (strcmp(equiv_buf, "#0000") == 0) strcpy(equiv_buf, "?"); /* undefined */
    } else {
        strncpy(equiv_buf, "#2000000000000000", 33 - 2 * j);
        equiv_buf[33 - 2 * j] = '\0';
        for (; j > 8; j--) sprintf(equiv_buf + strlen(equiv_buf), "%02x", read_byte());
    }
    for (j = k = read_byte(); ; k = read_byte(), j = (j << 7) + k)
        if (k >= 128) break; /* the serial number is now j - 128 */
    printf("%s=%s(%d)\n", sym_buf + 1, equiv_buf, j - 128);
}

```

This code is used in section 26.

29.  $\#define\ sym\_length\_max\ 1000$   
 $\langle$  Global variables 4  $\rangle +\equiv$

```

int stab_start; /* where the symbol table began */
char sym_buf[sym_length_max]; /* the characters on middle transitions to current node */
char *sym_ptr; /* the character in sym_buf following the current prefix */
char equiv_buf[20]; /* equivalent of the current symbol */

```

30.  $\langle$  Check the lop\_end 30  $\rangle \equiv$

```

while (byte_count)
    if (read_byte()) fprintf(stderr, "Nonzero byte follows the symbol table!\n");
    read_tet();
    if (buf[0] != mm || buf[1] != lop_end)
        fprintf(stderr, "The symbol table isn't followed by lop_end!\n");
    else if (count != stab_start + yz + 1)
        fprintf(stderr, "YZ field at lop_end should have been %d!\n", count - yz - 1);
    else {
        if (verbose) printf("Symbol table ends at tetra %d.\n", count);
        if (fread(buf, 1, 1, mmo_file)) fprintf(stderr, "Extra bytes follow the lop_end!\n");
    }

```

This code is used in section 25.

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